

Assaults in Lancashire: an analysis of emergency department and ambulance data, January 2007 to December 2009

This report provides an indication of the burden of assaults on emergency departments (EDs), the ambulance service and residents of Lancashire over the three-year period January 2007 to December 2009. It uses data on assault call outs from the North West Ambulance Service and from all EDs in Lancashire, supplemented by assault data from Lancashire residents receiving treatment in Cumbria and Merseyside EDs.

Numbers of assault cases and trends

Over the three-year period, 27,250 assault attendances were recorded at Lancashire EDs. Of these, 24,784 were residents of Lancashire. A further 1,376 Lancashire residents with assault injuries attended EDs in Cumbria and Merseyside, meaning a total of 26,160 Lancashire residents were treated for assaults over the three-year period across Lancashire, Cumbria and Merseyside¹.

Figure 1 shows three-year trend data by local authority area of residence. The number of ED assault attendances made by Lancashire residents decreased by 8% over the three-year period, from 9,104 in 2007 to 8,421 in 2009. Assault attendances by Blackburn with Darwen residents had the greatest decrease (26%) but Ribble Valley residents increased by 10%. Between January 2007 and December 2009, there were 19,422 ambulance call outs for assaults² in Lancashire. There was a 1% increase in ambulance assault call outs in Lancashire from 6,470 in 2007 to 6,530 in 2009. This increase was most pronounced in South Ribble (25%) and Hyndburn (21%) (**Figure 2**).

Age and gender of assault patients

In 2009 the highest proportions of ED assault attendances by Lancashire residents were for persons aged 25-59 years (47%) and for all age groups the

majority of assault attendances were male (73%). Blackpool residents made the most attendances to EDs for an assault (19%), followed by residents of Preston (14%). and Blackburn with Darwen (13%) (**Table 1**). The highest number of ambulance call outs was in Blackpool (21%).

Location and type of assault

Most ED assault attendances by Lancashire residents occurred in a public place (35%) or the home (13%), however this figure changes for residents of Preston (public place 67%; home 17%) (Table 2 and Figure 3). Of all ambulance assault call outs, 6% were for stab/gunshot incidents. To improve the evidence

Box 1: Case Study TKAP Lancashire

In July 2009 the Department for Health put together a national bidding programme to provide funding for partners in the government's Tackling Knives Action Programme (TKAP) priority areas to enhance or improve the sharing of data between EDs and local partners. In the North West, TKAP priority areas were Liverpool, Manchester and Preston. On behalf of Government Office North West and local partners, the Centre for Public Health at Liverpool John Moores University successfully bid and secured funds to enhance ED datasets and develop faster, routine data sharing between EDs and community safety partnerships across the North West. The first stage of the project was to engage with Lancashire area EDs to assess their potential to collect the nationally recommended violence dataset from assault patients (e.g. location, time and date of incident and assault type [e.g. weapon of use]) (see: College of Emergency Medicine). All EDs in Lancashire have agreed to collect the additional information. Royal Preston, and Chorley and South Ribble hospitals began collecting this information in July 2009; all other EDs will commence data collection this year.

¹ All EDs is used throughout and refers to all EDs in Merseyside, Lancashire and Cumbria.

² Assaults refer to those coded as assault/rape or stab/gunshot.

base on the circumstances associated with an assault, enhanced data collection is occurring at EDs across the North West (see Box 1).

Time of ED attendances and ambulance call outs

Assault attendances by Lancashire residents mainly occurred on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays (57%) between the hours of 00:00 and 3:59 (32%). Most assault attendances to Burnley General, Royal Blackburn and Chorley and South Ribble Hospital occurred on Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays (57%). However, most ambulance call outs for assaults occurred on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays (62%) between the hours of 22:00 and 1.59 (42%). On these days in Lancaster (47%), Preston (46%) and Blackpool (42%) calls were more common between the hours of 00:00 and 3:59.

Patient disposal

The disposal of a patient gives an indication of the severity of the injuries sustained. Most ED assault attendees from Lancashire were discharged (46%), whilst 35% had a follow-up/referral, and 8% were admitted to hospital. More ED assault attendances from Ribble Valley and West Lancashire were admitted (13% each) (Table 3).

Area of residence of ED assault attendances

Figure 4 shows crude rates of ED assault attendance by Lancashire residents by Middle Super Output Area (MSOA), January 2007 to December 2009 combined. However, care should be taken when interpreting this data. It cannot be used to compare incidence of injuries in Lancashire residents as individuals may attend EDs outside Lancashire, Cumbria and Merseyside. This particularly affects authorities on county borders. Crude rates were greatest for residents of the following MSOAs: Blackpool 08 (n=515 [2,312.63 per 100,000 population]), Blackpool 13 (n=369 [2,024.49 per 100,000 population]), Blackpool 10 (n=459 [2014.22 per 100,000 population]), Blackpool 10 (n=459 [2014.22 per 100,000 population]), and Preston 09 (n=524 [2,013.68 per 100,000 population]).

Location of ambulance call outs

Crude rates for ambulance call outs for assaults were significantly higher in Blackpool 10 (n=1,068 [4,686.68 per 100,000 population]) than any other MSOA in Lancashire. Blackpool 10 covers the central nightlife area of Blackpool. Blackpool 06 also covers the central nightlife area and was the next highest with 704 call outs (3,694.96 per 100,000 population).

Table 1: Number of assault attendances to EDs by age and gender, January to December 2009³

| | Age group and gender | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---------|------|------|
| | 0-9 | | 10 | -17 | 18 | -24 | 25-59 | | 60+ | | Total** | | |
| | F | М | F | М | F | М | F | М | F | М | F | М | All |
| Total Lancashire ED attendances | 19 | 38 | 412 | 1054 | 650 | 2188 | 1113 | 3023 | 55 | 123 | 2249 | 6430 | 8682 |
| Total ED attendances: Lancashire residents only* | 16 | 36 | 392 | 1024 | 653 | 2125 | 1112 | 2878 | 58 | 124 | 2231 | 6189 | 8421 |
| Location of ED attended | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lancashire | 16 | 36 | 378 | 995 | 608 | 1982 | 1046 | 2699 | 54 | 116 | 2102 | 5830 | 7933 |
| Cumbria and Merseyside | *** | *** | 14 | 29 | 45 | 143 | 66 | 179 | *** | 8 | 129 | 359 | 488 |
| Local/unitary authority of residence | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Blackburn with Darwen | 5 | 5 | 50 | 152 | 74 | 243 | 125 | 418 | *** | 9 | 258 | 827 | 1085 |
| Blackpool | *** | *** | 79 | 172 | 125 | 407 | 202 | 542 | 13 | 26 | 420 | 1149 | 1569 |
| Burnley | *** | 7 | 35 | 90 | 65 | 144 | 90 | 222 | *** | 12 | 194 | 475 | 669 |
| Chorley | *** | *** | 21 | 57 | 39 | 141 | 75 | 164 | *** | 11 | 139 | 375 | 514 |
| Fylde | *** | *** | 16 | 27 | 17 | 88 | 28 | 92 | *** | *** | 65 | 212 | 277 |
| Hyndburn | *** | 5 | 26 | 47 | 25 | 107 | 48 | 180 | *** | 7 | 104 | 346 | 450 |
| Lancaster | *** | *** | 18 | 51 | 42 | 108 | 57 | 116 | *** | *** | 119 | 281 | 400 |
| Pendle | *** | *** | 14 | 64 | 36 | 109 | 52 | 137 | *** | 10 | 104 | 324 | 428 |
| Preston | *** | 5 | 48 | 129 | 100 | 319 | 170 | 420 | 9 | 18 | 330 | 891 | 1221 |
| Ribble Valley | *** | *** | 7 | 23 | 10 | 35 | 16 | 46 | *** | *** | 33 | 106 | 139 |
| Rossendale | *** | *** | 2 | 13 | 7 | 36 | 16 | 35 | *** | *** | 27 | 86 | 113 |
| South Ribble | *** | *** | 29 | 84 | 46 | 124 | 93 | 165 | *** | *** | 172 | 375 | 547 |
| West Lancashire | *** | *** | 24 | 68 | 46 | 144 | 79 | 191 | 6 | 9 | 155 | 413 | 568 |
| Wyre | *** | *** | 23 | 47 | 21 | 120 | 61 | 150 | 6 | 11 | 111 | 329 | 441 |

^{*} To all EDs in Merseyside, Lancashire and Cumbria.

³ Please note that all numbers less than five (***) have been suppressed in line with patient confidentiality and if there is only one number less than five in a category then two numbers will be suppressed at the next level (e.g. <6) in order to prevent back calculations from totals.

^{**}Totals may not add up as some age and gender fields have been recorded as blank or unknown.

Figure 1: Lancashire residents: number of assault attendances to all EDs by local / unitary authority of residence and year, January 2007 to December 2009

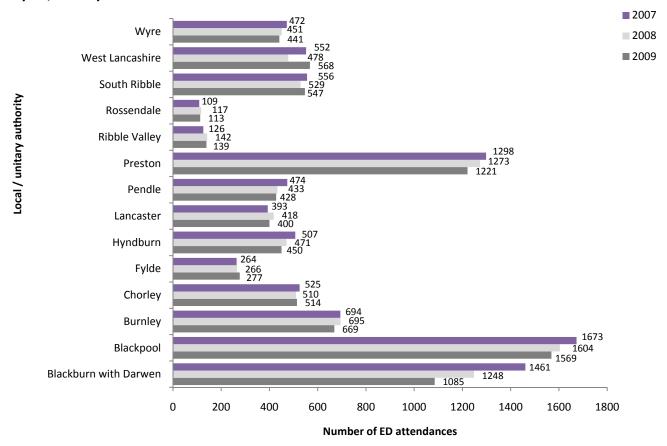


Figure 2: Number of ambulance assault calls by local / unitary authority of call out and year, January 2007 to December 2009

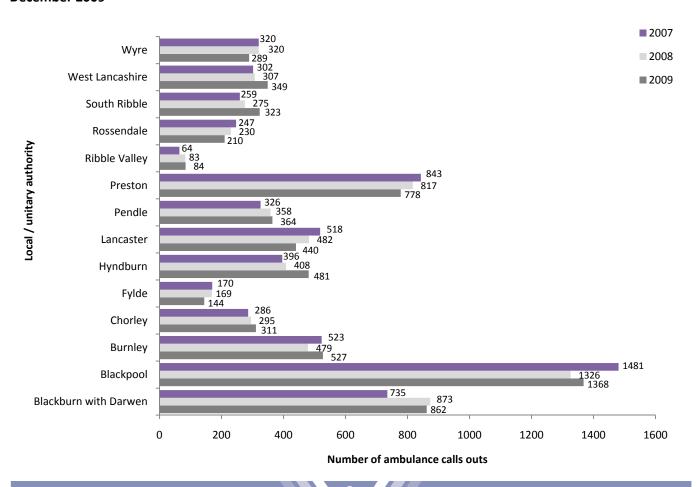


Table 2: Location of assault for assault attendances to all EDs for Lancashire residents and for all Lancashire EDs by age group and gender, January 2007 to December 2009 combined⁴⁵⁶

| | | | | | | | group an | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----|-------------|------|---------|-----------|------------|-----------------|--------|-----|------|-------|-------|
| Location | 0-9 10-17 | | 18-24 25-59 | | 60 plus | | Total | | ı | | | | |
| | F | М | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | All |
| | | | | | | attendar | | | | | | | |
| Educational establishment | *** | 10% | 6% | 8% | <1% | <1% | <1% | <1% | 0% | *** | 1% | 1% | 1% |
| Home | 20% | 26% | 9% | 5% | 18% | 7% | 29% | 11% | 45% | 26% | 22% | 9% | 13% |
| Other | *** | *** | 14% | 13% | 14% | 14% | 11% | 13% | 8% | 10% | 13% | 13% | 13% |
| Public place | 22% | 14% | 34% | 36% | 32% | 44% | 18% | 37% | 12% | 28% | 25% | 39% | 35% |
| Work | 0% | *** | <1% | <1% | 2% | 1% | 6% | 4% | 4% | 1% | 4% | 2% | 2% |
| Unknown | 45% | 45% | 37% | 38% | 33% | 34% | 35% | 35% | 31% | 34% | 35% | 35% | 35% |
| Total number | 51 | 117 | 1364 | 3280 | 1991 | 6381 | 3374 | 9074 | 169 | 346 | 6949 | 19204 | 26160 |
| | | | | | | | | ria Hospit | | | | | |
| Educational establishment | *** | 17% | 10% | 11% | 0% | <1% | <1% | 0% | *** | *** | 2% | 2% | 2% |
| Home | *** | 43% | 18% | 9% | 24% | 12% | 42% | 20% | 60% | 38% | 33% | 16% | 20% |
| Other | *** | 17% | 21% | 18% | 28% | 22% | 20% | 22% | 19% | 14% | 23% | 21% | 22% |
| Public place | *** | 23% | 51% | 62% | 45% | 64% | 30% | 54% | 17% | 47% | 38% | 58% | 53% |
| Work | 0% | 0% | *** | 0% | 3% | 1% | 7% | 4% | *** | *** | 4% | 2% | 3% |
| Unknown | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Total number | 9 | 30 | 366 | 821 | 509 | 1949 | 932 | 3020 | 53 | 111 | 1869 | 5942 | 7821 |
| | | | | | | Chorley a | | | spital | | | | |
| Educational establishment | *** | *** | 13% | 19% | *** | <1% | *** | 0% | 0% | 0% | 3% | 4% | 4% |
| Home | *** | *** | 13% | 6% | 33% | 9% | 48% | 17% | 71% | 38% | 38% | 12% | 20% |
| Other | *** | *** | 27% | 35% | 30% | 36% | 19% | 29% | *** | 26% | 23% | 32% | 30% |
| Public place | *** | *** | 47% | 40% | 35% | 54% | 21% | 47% | *** | 35% | 30% | 48% | 42% |
| Work | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | *** | 1% | 11% | 7% | *** | 0% | 6% | 3% | 4% |
| Unknown | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | *** | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Total number | 8 | 11 | 128 | 364 | 201 | 568 | 360 | 730 | 17 | 34 | 714 | 1707 | 2421 |
| | | | | | | Ormsk | kirk Gene | ral Hospit | al | | | | |
| Educational establishment | *** | *** | 11% | 25% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 6% | 13% | 11% |
| Home | *** | *** | 5% | 4% | 32% | 11% | 21% | 7% | *** | *** | 15% | 7% | 10% |
| Other | 0% | 0% | 13% | 12% | *** | *** | 21% | 7% | 0% | *** | 14% | 9% | 11% |
| Public place | *** | *** | 71% | 59% | 64% | 82% | 28% | 72% | *** | *** | 56% | 66% | 62% |
| Work | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | *** | 30% | 15% | *** | 0% | 10% | 5% | 7% |
| Unknown | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Total number | *** | 9 | 93 | 175 | 22 | 55 | 53 | 121 | *** | 6 | 176 | 366 | 542 |
| | | | | | | Roya | al Preston | Hospital | | | | | |
| Educational establishment | 0% | *** | 7% | 11% | *** | <1% | <1% | <1% | 0% | *** | 1% | 2% | 2% |
| Home | 56% | 48% | 11% | 6% | 30% | 7% | 47% | 13% | 63% | 35% | 36% | 10% | 17% |
| Other | 0% | *** | 11% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | *** | 14% | 10% | 10% | 10% |
| Public place | *** | 24% | 71% | 72% | 57% | 81% | 34% | 71% | 23% | 47% | 48% | 74% | 67% |
| Work | 0% | *** | 0% | <1% | 2% | 1% | 8% | 6% | *** | *** | 5% | 3% | 4% |
| Unknown | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Total number | 9 | 21 | 253 | 625 | 456 | 1509 | 686 | 1935 | 35 | 66 | 1439 | 4156 | 5598 |
| | | | | | | Royal La | ncaster l | nfirmary | | | | | |
| Educational establishment | 0% | *** | 8% | 6% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 2% | 1% | 1% |
| Home | 0% | *** | *** | 4% | 16% | 5% | 38% | 10% | *** | *** | 25% | 7% | 12% |
| Other | *** | 0% | 72% | 68% | 45% | 51% | 34% | 49% | *** | 47% | 44% | 53% | 51% |
| Public place | *** | 0% | 14% | 22% | 36% | 42% | 17% | 36% | *** | 29% | 23% | 35% | 32% |
| Work | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | *** | *** | 11% | 6% | 0% | *** | 7% | 3% | 4% |
| Unknown | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | *** | *** | *** | 0% | 0% | 0% | <1% | <1% | <1% |
| Total number | *** | *** | 71 | 190 | 128 | 349 | 193 | 458 | 5 | 17 | 399 | 1015 | 1414 |

 4 Royal Blackburn Hospital and Burnley General Hospital EDs do not collect information on the location of incident.

⁵ Please note that where attendance numbers are less than five and can be back calculated from totals they have been suppressed (***). <1% represents cases where attendance numbers were less than five but back calculations are not possible. 0% is used where there were no attendances.

⁶ Please also note percentages might not total one hundred due to rounding.

Figure 3: Lancashire residents: location of assault for assault attendances to all EDs by local authority / unitary authority, January 2007 to December 2009 combined⁷

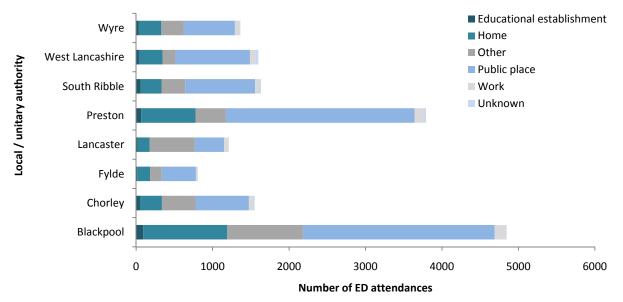


Table 3: Disposal method of assault attendances to all EDs for Lancashire residents and for all Lancashire EDs, January 2007 to December 2009 combined

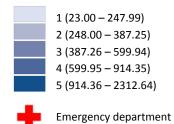
| | Disposal method | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----|---------|-----|--------------------|----|-------|----|---------|---|-------|
| | Admit | ted | Dischar | ged | Follow-up/referral | | Other | | Unknown | | Total |
| | n | % | n | % | n | % | n | % | n | % | n |
| Total Lancashire ED attendances | 2061 | 8 | 12597 | 46 | 9468 | 35 | 3124 | 11 | *** | 0 | 27250 |
| Burnley General Hospital | 147 | 5 | 1185 | 41 | 1491 | 52 | 71 | 2 | *** | 0 | 2894 |
| Royal Blackburn Hospital | 774 | 12 | 3068 | 47 | 1837 | 28 | 881 | 13 | *** | 0 | 6560 |
| Blackpool Victoria Hospital | 255 | 3 | 3346 | 43 | 3177 | 41 | 1043 | 13 | *** | 0 | 7821 |
| Chorley and South Ribble Hospital | 131 | 5 | 1383 | 57 | 727 | 30 | 180 | 7 | *** | 0 | 2421 |
| Ormskirk General Hospital | 29 | 5 | 283 | 52 | 224 | 41 | 6 | 1 | *** | 0 | 542 |
| Royal Preston Hospital | 599 | 11 | 2693 | 48 | 1561 | 28 | 745 | 13 | *** | 0 | 5598 |
| Royal Lancaster Infirmary | | 9 | 639 | 45 | 451 | 32 | 198 | 14 | *** | 0 | 1414 |
| Total ED attendances: Lancashire residents only | | 8 | 12089 | 46 | 9055 | 35 | 2919 | 11 | 19 | 0 | 26160 |
| Blackburn with Darwen | 364 | 10 | 1834 | 48 | 1092 | 29 | 502 | 13 | *** | 0 | 3794 |
| Blackpool | 169 | 3 | 2043 | 42 | 1970 | 41 | 663 | 14 | *** | 0 | 4846 |
| Burnley | 174 | 8 | 866 | 42 | 906 | 44 | 110 | 5 | *** | 0 | 2058 |
| Chorley | 119 | 8 | 856 | 55 | 447 | 29 | 127 | 8 | *** | 0 | 1549 |
| Fylde | 33 | 4 | 368 | 46 | 322 | 40 | 84 | 10 | *** | 0 | 807 |
| Hyndburn | 178 | 12 | 646 | 45 | 414 | 29 | 189 | 13 | *** | 0 | 1428 |
| Lancaster | 102 | 8 | 558 | 46 | 378 | 31 | 171 | 14 | *** | 0 | 1211 |
| Pendle | 101 | 8 | 550 | 41 | 615 | 46 | 69 | 5 | *** | 0 | 1335 |
| Preston | | 9 | 1869 | 49 | 1043 | 28 | 524 | 14 | *** | 0 | 3792 |
| Ribble Valley | 52 | 13 | 189 | 46 | 136 | 33 | 30 | 7 | *** | 0 | 407 |
| Rossendale | 41 | 12 | 144 | 42 | 129 | 38 | 25 | 7 | *** | 0 | 339 |
| South Ribble | 135 | 8 | 840 | 51 | 501 | 31 | 154 | 9 | *** | 0 | 1632 |
| West Lancashire | 208 | 13 | 714 | 45 | 526 | 33 | 142 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 1598 |
| Wyre | 47 | 3 | 612 | 45 | 576 | 42 | 129 | 9 | *** | 0 | 1364 |

⁷ Residents of Blackburn with Darwen, Burnley, Hyndburn, Pendle, Rossendale, Ribble Valley are excluded because the majority had an unknown location of incident. This is primarily due to the Royal Blackburn Hospital and Burnley General Hospital not collecting information on the location of incident.

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Figure 4: Lancashire residents: crude rate per 100,000 population for assault attendance to all EDs, by MSOA of residence, January 2007 to December 2009 combined, with LA boundaries overlaid

Quintiles of crude rate per 100,000 population



Top five MSOAs

| MSOA | MSOA name | n | Crude rate/100,000 (- + 95% confidence intervals [CI]) |
|-----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| E02002640 | Blackpool 08 | 515 | 2312.63 (2117.18-2521.27) |
| E02002639 | Blackpool 07 | 383 | 2226.49 (2009.06-2461.02) |
| E02002645 | Blackpool 13 | 369 | 2024.36 (1823.05-2241.82) |
| E02002642 | Blackpool 10 | 459 | 2014.22 (1834.14-2207.20) |
| E02005261 | Preston 09 | 524 | 2013.68 (1844.93-2193.72) |

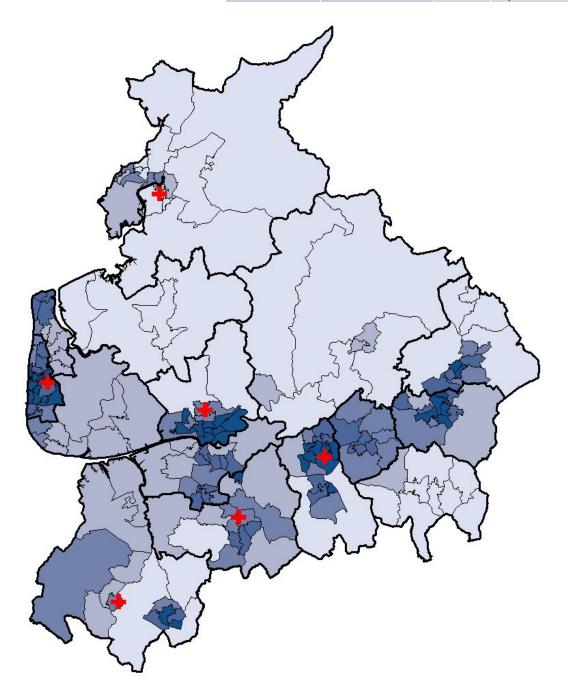
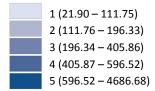


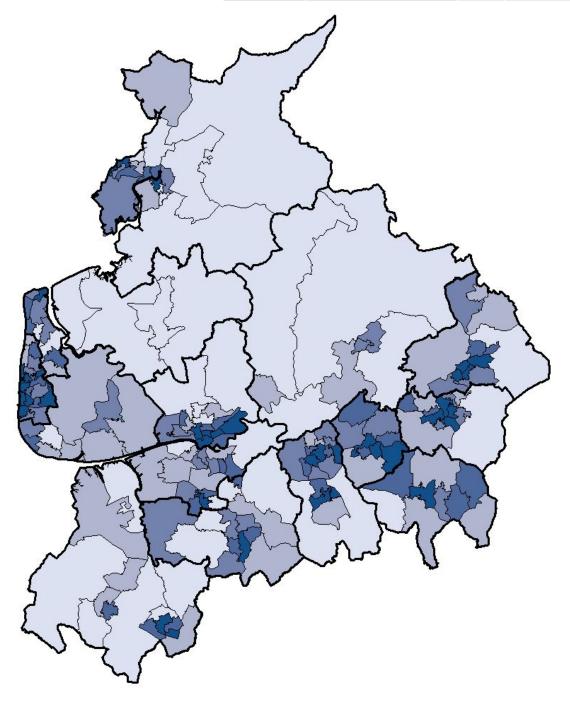
Figure 5: Lancashire residents: crude rate per 100,000 population for ambulance calls for an assault, by MSOA location of call out, January 2007 to December 2009 combined, with LA boundaries overlaid

Quintiles of crude rate per 100,000 population



Top five MSOAs

| MSOA | MSOA name | n | Crude rate/100,000 (-+ 95% CI) |
|-----------|--------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| E02002642 | Blackpool 010 | 1068 | 4686.68 (4409.78-4976.41) |
| E02002638 | Blackpool 06 | 704 | 3694.96 (3427.015-3978.28) |
| E02005269 | Preston 017 | 787 | 3065 (2854.57-3286.83) |
| E02002645 | Blackpool 013 | 542 | 2973.45 (2728.35-3234.65) |
| E02002620 | Blackburn with Darwen 06 | 642 | 2789 (2577.40-3013.34) |



This report was produced as part of the North West project to support violence prevention through enhanced ED data sharing.

Similar reports are available covering Cumbria and Lancashire (www.tiig.info)

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