## AT A GLANCE



The annual State of Education report surveyed chief school administrators from school districts, career and technical centers and intermediate units, as well as pulling data from public sources. It is intended to be a barometer of not only the key indicators of public school performance but also the challenges schools face and how they are coping with them.

TOP3

biggest

challenges

**86%** Budget pressures

**39%** Bargaining issues

**26%** School construction/maintenance

TOP5

budget

pressures

**85%** Pension costs

**66%** Charter school payments

**53%** Inadequate state funding

**50%** Health insurance increases

**42%** Special education costs

## TOP 5 ways schools will balance budgets

75% Drawing down fund balance levels

73% Raising local property taxes

48% Reducing staffing levels

**44%** Increasing class sizes

**28%** Reducing programs and services

## DEALING WITH TEACHER SHORTAGES

- Over 70% concerned about recruiting substitute teachers in the next two years.
- Nearly 42% concerned about recruiting full-time teachers.
  - Most needed certifications for districts – science and math.
  - Most needed certifications for intermediate units

     special education for speech/language impaired students.
- Most needed certifications
  for career and technical
  centers technology
  related fields.













## **Education investments** HAVE POSITIVE **RESULTS**



Critics say Pennsylvania spends more per student than the national average.

**Expenses per student** 

\$13,961

\$11,009

PA Rank

Pennsylvania

**National Average** 

**Critics overlook impact investments** make to Pennsylvania's national assessment rankings.

National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) Percent Advanced or Proficient



Tie 7th PA Rank 4th grade reading



Tie 6th PA Rank 8th grade reading



Tie 9th PA Rank



Tie 13th PA Rank 8th grade math

**Critics fail to mention** the state's contribution is among the lowest in the United States, leaving local taxpayers to fill the void.

**PA Rank** 

Districts with high poverty receive less funding than wealthier districts...

Revenue per student



\$15,052 \$17,166
Highest Poverty Lowest Poverty

...often resulting in huge differences in student achievement

35%

The average difference in 4th grade PSSA proficiency between school districts with the highest and lowest poverty.

The average difference in 8th grade PSSA proficiency between school districts with the highest and lowest poverty.

Public education is the best investment that Pennsylvania can make in its future. While it is the belief of each group involved in this project that the state of Pennsylvania's public education system is strong, the challenges being faced by our public schools are serious. Together, we can make public education even stronger. The full report, available at **www.psba.org**, contains more detail on these issues as well as information on numerous other issues affecting public education.